# Taxi drivers report 'ghost passengers' in area devastated by 2011 tsunami

# 被災地、タクシーに乗る幽霊 東北学院大生が卒論に

**第3種態便物版**可

宮城県石巻市では5年前、東日本 大震災で大勢が亡くなりました。そ の地でタクシーを走らせる運転手の 中には、「幽霊」を乗せるという経験 をした人たちがいます。こうした不 思議な現象について、東北学院大学 で社会学を専攻する学生が調査し、 卒業論文にまとめました。朝日新聞 デジタルが1月20日付で報じ、英語 ニュースサイト「The Asahi Shimbun Asia & Japan Watch (AJW)」が英訳記事を載せた結果、 国内外から長期間にわたって大きな 反響を呼んだため、ここに英訳記事 と日本語の要約を掲載します。

By Hideaki Ishibashi

Asahi Shimbun Senior Staff Writer

n early summer 2011, a taxi driver had a mysterious encounter in Ishinomaki, Miyagi Prefecture, a town devastated by a tsunami a few months earlier.

A woman, wearing an unseasonably heavy coat, climbed into his cab near Ishinomaki Station.

"Please go to Minamihama," she said, instructing the driver to go to a coastal neighborhood.

The driver, in his 50s, asked her, "That area is basically a vacant lot. Are you sure?"

The woman replied in a quavering voice, "Have I died?"

Shocked at the question, the driver turned and looked at the back seat. No one was there.

A university senior majoring in



「調塞」を題材に卒論を書いた工師優花さん。 2015年12月、仙台市泉区の東北学院大

sociology included the encounter in her graduation thesis, in which seven taxi drivers reported carrying "ghost passengers" following the March 2011 Great East Japan Earthquake and tsunami.

Yuka Kudo, 22, of Tohoku Gakuin University in Sendai, is one of seven students taking a seminar class which looked into spiritual experiences of survivors of the disaster which killed 15,894 people and left 2,561 missing.

Kudo traveled to Ishinomaki every week during her junior year to ask taxi drivers waiting for fares if they'd had any unusual experiences after the disaster.

She quizzed more than 100 drivers. Many ignored her. Some became angry. However, seven drivers agreed to recount their mysterious experiences.

One of the drivers, a man in his 40s, recalled a time when a man who looked to be in his 20s got into his taxi. When the driver looked in the rearview mirror, the passenger, dressed in a coat, had stretched out his arm and was pointing forward.

The driver repeatedly asked the man for his destination. Finally, the passenger replied, "Hiyoriyama," referring to a hill near the coast. They set off, but when the cab arrived the man had disappeared from the vehicle.

The seven drivers' accounts cannot be easily dismissed as delusions or fantasies. Each time a "passenger" climbed in their cabs, the drivers activated the meter, and records show that the car was in use.

If disappearing passengers weren't bad enough, drivers were forced to pay the fares because the ghosts were technically considered 'free riders."

Some of the drivers jotted down their experiences in their logs. One showed Kudo his driver's report, which noted that there was a fare that went unpaid.

As the "ghosts" the drivers encountered were all youthful, some believe they could be the spirits of victims of the 2011 disaster.

### 敬意もって向き合う

spiritual experience(s)

wait(ing) for fare(s)

~を質問攻めにした

rearview mirror

会員校

初回の15分は一律無料です。単独の無料体験レッスンとしても受講できます。

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バックミラ-

account(s)

証舊、説明

客待ちをする

心器体験

quiz(zed)

recount ~を詳しく語る fantasy(-ies)

If...enough 乗客が消えることだけ

free rider(s)

iot(ted) down

log(s)

medium

無賃乗車する人

-を書き留めた

でも大変なことなのに

"Young people are especially upset (at their deaths) because they cannot

mysterious encounter

不思議な遭遇

unseasonably

季節外れに

vacant lot

無える声

sociology

社会学

更地、空き地

major(ing) in

一を専攻する

quavering voice

meet people they love. Wanting to express their bitterness, they may have chosen taxis, which are like private rooms, as a medium to do so," Kudo said

What impressed Kudo was that all the drivers said they weren't afraid of their ghost passengers, but held them in reverence. They regarded the encounters as important experiences to be cherished.

The drivers said they felt the daily sorrow of the residents of Ishinomaki, where many people were killed by the tsunami. One said that he lost a family member in the disaster.

Another said: "It is not strange to see a ghost (here). If I encounter a ghost again, I will accept it as my passenger."

Kudo is from Akita Prefecture, which was not struck by the tsunami. Before interviewing the taxi drivers, she had only thought of the victims as "thousands of people" who had died in the disaster.

(Through the interviews) I learned that the death of each victim carries importance," she said. "I want to convey that (to other people)."

Kiyoshi Kanebishi, the professor of environmental sociology who supervised Kudo and her seminar class, said he hoped by studying various spiritual experiences "we can cast a light on how those affected by the disaster have come to terms with the dead, an issue often considered taboo."

held(hold)...reverence

念を抱いた

(be) cherished

大切にされる

~を指導した

~に光をあてる

come...with

~と向き合う

LINE@

supervise(d)

~に畏敬 (いけい) の



## 【日本語記事の要約】

「震災による死」に人々はどう向き 合い、感じてきたか――東北学院大学 で社会学を専攻していたゼミ生たち が、この春の卒業を目前に、フィール ドワークの結果を卒論にまとめた。

その中でも工藤優花(ゆか)さん(22) は、多くの死者が出た宮城県石巻市で、 タクシー運転手たちが体験した「幽霊 現象」をテーマに選んだ。

工藤さんが3年生の1年間、毎週石

巻に通い、タクシー運転手の100人以 上に聞いたところ、7人が「幽霊を乗 せた」という経験を語ったという。不 思議な出来事を記した日記や、運転日 報を見せてくれた人もいた。

証言した運転手がみな恐怖心ではな く、幽霊に畏敬 (いけい) の念を持っ ていることも印象的だった。工藤さん は「一人一人の死に重みがあるという こと。それを伝えたい」と話している。

